

The graph below is the graph of $f'(x)$. Note that the graph of $f(x)$ is not shown. If the function $f(x)$ is defined for all x , use this graph to answer questions #5-6.

$y = f'(x)$ ← This is the derivative of $f(x)$

5. On what interval(s) is the function $f(x)$ increasing? *Where is graph above the x-axis*
 $(-1, 3) \cup (5, \infty)$

6. On what interval(s) is the function $f(x)$ decreasing? *Where is graph below x-axis*
 $(-\infty, -1) \cup (3, 5)$

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Match the Functions (I, II, III) with their derivatives (A, B, C)

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Using the accompanying graph of $f(x)$, fill in $<$, $>$, or $=$

a. $f'(-2) < 0$
 b. $f'(-1) > 0$
 c. $f'(0) = 0$
 d. $f'(1.5) = 0$
 e. $f'(-3) > f'(-1)$
 f. $f'(1) > f'(1)$
 g. $f''(1) > f''(1)$
 h. $f'(1) < f'(0)$

The steepness of the tangent line is greater at $f(-3)$

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1. Use the graph of $y = f'(x)$ to answer the questions below. Note: This is the derivative of f . This graph has horizontal tangents at $x = -1$ and $x = 3$.

a) On what interval(s), if any, is $f(x)$ increasing?
 $(-\infty, -2) \cup (0, 5)$

b) On what interval(s), if any, is $f(x)$ decreasing?
 $(-2, 0) \cup (5, \infty)$

c) On what interval(s), if any, is $f(x)$ concave up?
 $(-1, 3)$

d) On what interval(s), if any, is $f(x)$ concave down?
 $(-\infty, -1) \cup (3, \infty)$

e) For what value(s) of x , if any, does the graph of $f(x)$ have a point of inflection?
 $x = -1, 3$

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5. Match each function to the graph that best represents its derivative. Write your answer on the line provided.

Functions	Derivatives
(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(d)	

Handwritten matches: (a) to II, (b) to IV, (c) to I, (d) to III.

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