


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

GCC 8.10: co-functions

$\frac{S}{h} \quad \frac{C}{h} \quad \frac{a}{h}$

Directions: Fill in the missing pieces to the following questions. All work deals with degrees.



1. Express  $\sin A = \frac{a}{c}$       2. Express  $\cos B = \frac{a}{c}$   
 3. Express  $\sin B = \frac{b}{c}$       4. Express  $\cos A = \frac{b}{c}$   
 5.  $m\angle C = 90^\circ$       6.  $m\angle A + m\angle B = 90^\circ$

7. a) What term, based upon the answer to #6, can be used to describe  $\angle A$  and  $\angle B$ ? *Complementary*  
 b) Express  $m\angle A$  in terms of  $m\angle B$ :  $m\angle A = 90 - \angle B$

8. What observation(s) can be made regarding the sine and cosine of angles  $A$  and  $B$ ?  
 $\sin A = \cos B$   
 $\sin B = \cos A$

Based upon the findings, we can state that:  
 $\sin(x) = \cos(90-x)$  and  $\cos(x) = \sin(90-x)$

9. Find all values of  $x$

a.  $\sin 75^\circ = \cos(x)$   
 $75 + x = 90$   
 $x = 15$

c.  $\sin(x) = \cos 60^\circ$   
 $x + 60 = 90$   
 $x = 30$

b.  $\sin(2x + 14) = \cos(x - 5)$   
 $2x + 14 + x - 5 = 90$   
 $3x + 9 = 90$   
 $3x = 81$   
 $x = 27$

d.  $\sin(x + 20) = \cos(2x + 10)$   
 $x + 20 + 2x + 10 = 90$   
 $3x + 30 = 90$   
 $3x = 60$   
 $x = 20$

$$\sin A = \cos 2A$$

$$A + 2A = 90$$

$$3A = 90$$

$$A = 30$$

Feb 24-12:05 PM