Name:	Date:
Geometry Common Core	Quarter Test: Wed. October 30th

Quarter 1 Overview

Unit 1: Angles

*Know all vocabulary from this unit.
Parallel lines cut by a transversal
Auxiliary lines
Angles in triangles
Be able to justify your answers

Unit 2: Constructions

Copy a segment/angle
Bisect a segment/angle
Perpendicular bisector
Perpendicular line through a point
Equilateral triangle
Regular hexagon (given a side)
Hexagon inscribed in a circle
Equilateral triangle inscribed in a circle
Square inscribed in a circle
Parallel line

Unit 3: Centers of Concurrency

*Know all properties, constructions and algebraic applications
Incenter - Construct using angle bisectors
Circumcenter - Construct using perpendicular bisectors
Centroid - Construct using medians
Orthocenter - Construct using altitudes

Unit 4: Rigid Motions

A rigid motion preserves distance and angle measure.

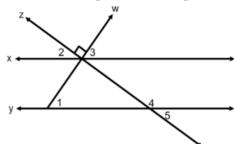
The three basic rigid motions are reflections, rotations, and translations.

****Know your coordinate rules and constructions for reflections, rotations and translations!!!!!

Study all notes from this Quarter!!!

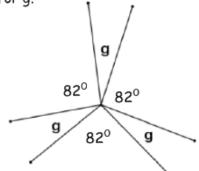
Unit 1 Examples

1) m \angle 1 = 50 °, find the remaining numbered angles. State the geometric reason for each step.



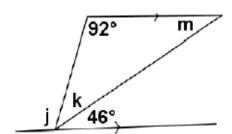
Angle	Angle Measure	Reason
∠2		
∠3		
∠4		
∠5		

2) Solve for g.

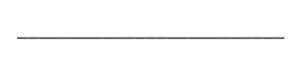


Justification:_____

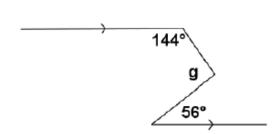
3.) Find m, j, and k.



Justifications:



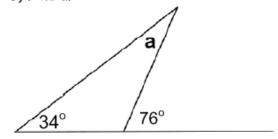
4) Find g.



Justifications:

-		 		

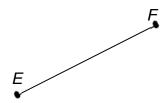
5) Find a.



Justifications:

Unit 2 Examples:

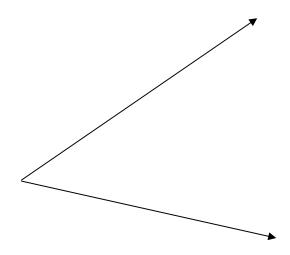
1) Copy this line segment, and call your copy \overline{GH} .



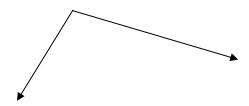
2) Bisect this line segment using a straightedge and compass:

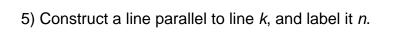


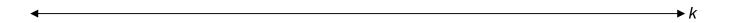
3) Construct the angle bisector of the given angle.



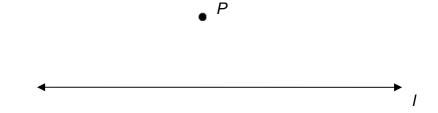
4) Construct a copy of this angle, and label it $\angle CLN$.



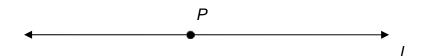




6) Construct a line perpendicular to line *I*, and passing through the point *P*.



7) Construct a line perpendicular to line *I*, and passing through the point *P*.



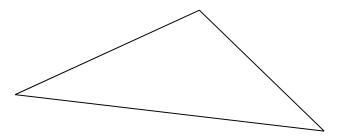
8) Construct a **regular hexagon** with the given side length



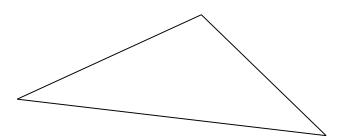
•	nstruct a Hexagon inscribed in a circle.
10) C	onstruct an equilateral triangle inscribed in a circle.
11) Cc	nstruct a square inscribed in a circle.

Unit 3 Examples:

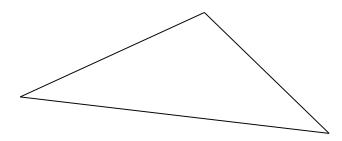
1) Construct (with a compass and a straight edge) an altitude of the following triangle.



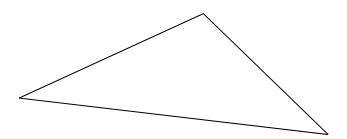
2) Construct (with a compass and a straight edge) a median of the following triangle.



3) Construct (with a compass and a straight edge) the incenter of the following triangle.



4) Construct (with a compass and a straight edge) the circumcenter of the following triangle.



1. Name the 3 properties of the INCENTER.			
2. Name the 3 properties of the CIRC	UMCENTER.		

3. Name 2 properties of the CENTROI	D.
a)	
h)	
4. Name the 1 property of the ORTHO	CENTER.
i)	
 The centroid of a triangle is the point of con A) medians B) perpendicular bisectors of the sides 	currency of what lines of a triangle? C) altitudes D) bisectors of the angles
 The circumcenter of a triangle is the point of the angles B) medians 	f concurrency of what lines of a triangle? C) perpendicular bisectors of the sides D) altitudes
The point which is equidistant from the three	sides of a triangle is called the

A) incenter

B) circumcenter

C) orthocenter

D) centroid

Unit 4 Examples:

. Find the image of (-6, 2) under the given transformation.			
	a) Reflection in the y-axis	·	
	b) Reflection in the x-axis		
	c) Reflection in the line $y = x$		
	d) The translation $T_{1,-7}$		
	e) Rotation of 90° about the origin		
	f) Rotation of 180° about the origin		
	g) Rotation of 270° about the origin		

2. A translation maps (1,4) onto (7,-3). Write the image of (5,10) under the same translation.